VBA Experiment: Building Address Points From Parcels

Contributed by Bert Granberg 05, Aug. 2010 Last Updated 05, Aug. 2010

At worst, building a GIS data set of address points would involve time consuming, inefficient field collection with GPS units.

Luckily there are many existing data resources from which to start building address points that can quickly deliver large quantities of high quality points. Existing resources include tables of known addresses, street centerlines with address ranges, and parcels that carry addresses.

Converting parcels to address points presents several hurdles:

- Many parcels can share the same address
- A parcel can contain several addresses
- Some parcels do not have an address (easements, agricultural and range lands, as examples)
- The centroid is easy to get for a parcel but ideally the address point is the primary building OR at a frontage point near the address's primary access point to the road network.

The VBA code below is a work in progress and attempts to convert parcels to a set of merged 'Address Polygons' wherein the shared boundarys of adjacent polygons with the same address are removed. Next it assigns the parcel a frontage point by determining a point close to the street that carries the same name as the parcel that is within the parcel.

The idea is to go from 1) Raw Parcels --> 2) Address Polygons --> 3) Address Points (in this case frontage points). The data below illustrates the idea using parcels in a neighborhood within SL County.

- 1. Raw Parcels
- 2) Address Polygons (shown in red, gray lines indicate parcel boundaries that were removed)
- 3) Address Points (frontage style)

Next steps include trying to refine the frontage placement on cul de sacs and other curving roads, and, in general, more testing.

If you have any suggestionsor comments on how this automation task might better be accomplished, please email bgranberg@utah.gov.

'8/5/2010
'DRAFT CODE, CHECK BACK FOR UPDATES
'STILL NEEDS MORE WORK!

Public Sub createAddressPolysAndPointsFromParcelsWithSitusAddress()

Debug.Print "Start " & Now

'Get Reference To Current ArcMap Session Dim pMxDoc As IMxDocument Dim pMap As IMap Set pMxDoc = ThisDocument Set pMap = pMxDoc.FocusMap

Dim pSrcFLayer As IFeatureLayer

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Dim pSrcFClass As IFeatureClass
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Dim pSrcTable As ITable

Dim pMergePolyFLayer As IFeatureLayer

Dim pMergePolyFClass As IFeatureClass

Dim pMergePtFLayer As IFeatureLayer

Dim pMergePtFClass As IFeatureClass

Dim pRoadFLayer As IFeatureLayer

Dim pRoadFClass As IFeatureClass

Dim pQF As IQueryFilter

Dim parcelAddFName, streetNameFName As String

Dim parcelAddFI, streetNameFI As Long

1*****

'SET THIS: Get the first layer in the table of contents, layer 0
'the featureclass you are using must be referenced by the
'first layer in the map
Set pSrcFLayer = pMap.Layer(2)
Set pMergePolyFLayer = pMap.Layer(1)
Set pMergePtFLayer = pMap.Layer(0)
Set pRoadFLayer = pMap.Layer(3)
parcelAddFName = "PARCEL_ADD"
streetNameFName = "S_NAME"

Set pSrcFClass = pSrcFLayer.FeatureClass parcelAddFI = pSrcFClass.FindField(parcelAddFName) Set pMergePolyFClass = pMergePolyFLayer.FeatureClass Set pMergePtFClass = pMergePtFLayer.FeatureClass Set pRoadFClass = pRoadFLayer.FeatureClass roadnameFI = pRoadFClass.FindField(streetNameFName) Set pSrcTable = pSrcFClass ' QI Set pQF = New QueryFilter

'set up tablesort to return results of a multi-field sort
Dim pTableSort As ITableSort
Set pTableSort = New TableSort 'VBA Query Interface
'the fields used and their order or precedence for the sort
pTableSort.Fields = (parcelAddFName)
pTableSort.Ascending(parcelAddFName) = True
Set pTableSort.QueryFilter = pQF

'sort on only selected features Set pTableSort.Table = pSrcTable

pTableSort.Sort Nothing

'get a cursor to iterate thru the features returned by the tablesort Dim pFCursor As IFeatureCursor Dim pFeature As IFeature Dim pNewFeature As IFeature Set pFCursor = pTableSort.Rows

Dim addStr As String 'concatenate xy coord of label point with area and perimeter Dim lastAddStr As String 'track xyAPStr from previous records Dim Count As Long Dim pPoly, pNewPoly As IPolygon Dim pPolyTopOp As ITopologicalOperator Dim pPt As IPoint Dim pArea As IArea Dim compare() As Long lastAddStr = ""

Set pFeature = pFCursor.NextFeature lastAddStr = Trim(Split(pFeature.Value(parcelAddFI), "#")(0))

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Set pPoly = New Polygon
Do Until pFeature Is Nothing
  Count = Count + 1
  addStr = Trim(Split(pFeature.Value(parcelAddFI), "#")(0))
  If addStr = "1695 S 1600 E" Then
    Debug.Print "here"
  End If
  If addStr = lastAddStr Then
    'add to geometry
    Set pNewPoly = pFeature.Shape
    Set pPolyTopOp = pPoly
    Set pPoly = pPolyTopOp.Union(pNewPoly)
  Else
    'write new dissolved address polygon
    Set pNewFeature = pMergePolyFClass.CreateFeature
    Set pNewFeature.Shape = pPolv
    pNewFeature.Value(parcelAddFI) = lastAddStr
    pNewFeature.Store
    'write new address point
    Set pPt = generateFrontagePt(pNewFeature, parcelAddFl, roadnameFl, pRoadFClass, True, 50)
    Set pNewFeature = pMergePtFClass.CreateFeature
    Set pArea = pPoly
    If pArea.Centroid.X = pPt.X And pArea.Centroid.Y = pPt.Y Then
       pNewFeature.Value(4) = "Parcel Centroid1"
    Elself pArea.LabelPoint.X = pPt.X And pArea.LabelPoint.Y = pPt.Y Then
       pNewFeature.Value(4) = "Parcel Centroid2"
    Else
       pNewFeature.Value(4) = "Parcel Frontage"
    End If
    Set pNewFeature.Shape = pPt
    pNewFeature.Value(2) = lastAddStr
    pNewFeature.Store
    Set pPoly = pFeature.Shape
  End If
  lastAddStr = addStr
  If Count / 1000 = CInt(Count / 1000) Then
    Debug.Print Count & " " & pRow.Value(labelPtFI)
  End If
  Set pFeature = pFCursor.NextFeature
Loop
'for last record
'write new dissolved address polygon
Set pNewFeature = pMergePolyFClass.CreateFeature
Set pNewFeature.Shape = pPoly
pNewFeature.Value(parcelAddFI) = lastAddStr
pNewFeature.Store
'write new address point
Set pPt = generateFrontagePt(pNewFeature, parcelAddFl, roadnameFl, pRoadFClass, True, 50)
Set pNewFeature = pMergePtFClass.CreateFeature
Set pArea = pPoly
If pArea.Centroid.X = pPt.X And pArea.Centroid.Y = pPt.Y Then
  pNewFeature.Value(4) = "Parcel Centroid1"
Elself pArea.LabelPoint.X = pPt.X And pArea.LabelPoint.Y = pPt.Y Then
  pNewFeature.Value(4) = "Parcel Centroid2"
Else
  pNewFeature.Value(4) = "Parcel Frontage"
End If
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Set pNewFeature.Shape = pPt
  pNewFeature.Value(2) = lastAddStr
  pNewFeature.Store
  Debug.Print "Finish " & Now
End Sub
Public Function generateFrontagePt(ByVal inPolyFeature As IFeature, ByVal inParcelAddFl As Integer, ByVal
inRoadNameFI As Integer, inRoadFC As IFeatureClass, doFrontage, frontageSearchRadius) As IPoint
  Dim pArea As IArea
  Dim pRelOp As IRelationalOperator
  Set pArea = inPolyFeature.ShapeCopy
  Set pRelOp = pArea
  Set generateFrontagePt = pArea.Centroid
  If Not pRelOp.Contains(generateFrontagePt) Then
    Set generateFrontagePt = pArea.LabelPoint
  End If
  If doFrontage Then
    Dim pTopOp As ITopologicalOperator
    Dim pProxOp As IProximityOperator
    Dim pFCursor As IFeatureCursor
    Dim pRoadFeature As IFeature
    Dim streetNameQ As String
    Dim pBuffPoly As IPolygon
    Dim pSF As ISpatialFilter
    Dim distance, closestDistance As Double
    Dim closestFeature As IFeature
    Dim pClosestPoint As IPoint
    Dim pLine As ILine
    Set pTopOp = generateFrontagePt
    Set pBuffPoly = pTopOp.Buffer(frontageSearchRadius)
    'simple get street name
    streetName = Split(inPolyFeature.Value(inParcelAddFI), " ")(1)
    If Len(streetName) = 1 Then
       streetName = Split(inPolyFeature.Value(inParcelAddFI), " ")(2)
    End If
    Set pSF = New SpatialFilter
    pSF.WhereClause = pRoadFeature.Fields.Field(inRoadNameFI).Name & " like '%" & streetName & "%"
    Set pSF.Geometry = pBuffPoly
    pSF.SpatialRel = esriSpatialRelIntersects
    Set pFCursor = inRoadFC.Search(pSF, True)
    Set pRoadFeature = pFCursor.NextFeature
    closestDistance = frontageSearchRadius + 100
    Do Until pRoadFeature Is Nothing
       Set pProxOp = pRoadFeature.ShapeCopy
       distance = pProxOp.ReturnDistance(generateFrontagePt)
       If distance < closestDistance Then
         pclosestFeature = pRoadFeature
         Set pClosestPoint = pProxOp.ReturnNearestPoint(generateFrontagePt, esriNoExtension)
         closestDistance = distance
       Set pRoadFeature = pFCursor.NextFeature
    Loop
    If Not pClosestPoint Is Nothing Then
       Set pProxOp = inPolyFeature.ShapeCopy
       Set pClosestPoint = pProxOp.ReturnNearestPoint(pClosestPoint, esriNoExtension)
       Set pLine = New Line
       pLine.PutCoords pClosestPoint, generateFrontagePt
       pLine.QueryPoint esriNoExtension, 5, False, generateFrontagePt
    End If
  End If
```

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End Function